

**SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR
CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS AND BRIDGES ON FEDERAL HIGHWAY
PROJECTS -2014**

DATE: 01/30/2020

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Preface

Preface_wo_12_20_2017

Delete all but the first paragraph and add the following:

The Forest Service, US Department of Agriculture has adopted FP-14 for construction of National Forest System Roads.

101 - Terms, Format, and Definitions

101.00_nat_us_07_25_2005

101.01 Meaning of Terms.

Delete all references to the TAR (Transportation Acquisition Regulations) in the specifications.

101.01_nat_us_01_22_2009

Delete all references to the FAR (Federal Acquisition Regulations) in the specifications.

101.03_nat_us_06_16_2006

101.03 Abbreviations.

Add the following to (a) Acronyms:

AFPA	American Forest and Paper Association
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NESC	National Electrical Safety Code
WCLIB	West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau

.

Add the following to (b) SI Symbols:

mp	Milepost
ppm	Part Per Million

101.04_nat_us_02_22_2005

101.04 Definitions.

Delete the following definitions and substitute the following:

Bid Schedule--The Schedule of Items.

Bridge--No definition.

Contractor--The individual or legal entity contracting with the Government for performance of prescribed work. In a timber sale contract, the contractor is the "Purchaser".

Culvert--No definition.

Right-of-Way--A general term denoting (1) the privilege to pass over land in some particular line (including easement, lease, permit, or license to occupy, use, or traverse public or private lands), or (2) Real property necessary for the project, including roadway, buffer areas, access, and drainage areas.

Add the following:

Adjustment in Contract Price--“Equitable adjustment,” as used in the Federal Acquisition Regulations, or “construction cost adjustment,” as used in the Timber Sale Contract, as applicable.

Change--“Change” means “change order” as used in the Federal Acquisition Regulations, or “design change” as used in the Timber Sale Contract.

Design Quantity-- “Design quantity” is a Forest Service method of measurement from the FS-96 *Forest Service Specifications for the Construction of Roads and Bridges*. Under these FP specifications this term is replaced by the term “Contract Quantities”.

Forest Service--The United States of America, acting through the Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Neat Line--A line defining the proposed or specified limits of an excavation or structure.

Pioneer Road--Temporary construction access built along the route of the project.

Purchaser--The individual, partnership, joint venture, or corporation contracting with the Government under the terms of a Timber Sale Contract and acting independently or through agents, employees, or subcontractors.

Protected Streamcourse--A drainage shown on the plans or timber sale area map that requires designated mitigation measures.

Road Order--An order affecting and controlling traffic on roads under Forest Service jurisdiction. Road Orders are issued by a designated Forest Officer under the authorities of 36 CFR, part 260.

Schedule of Items--A schedule in the contract that contains a listing and description of construction items, quantities, units of measure, unit price, and amount.

Utilization Standards--The minimum size and percent soundness of trees described in the specifications to determine merchantable timber.

101.04_na

t_us_11_06_2007

101.04 Definitions.

Delete the following definitions:

Contract Modification

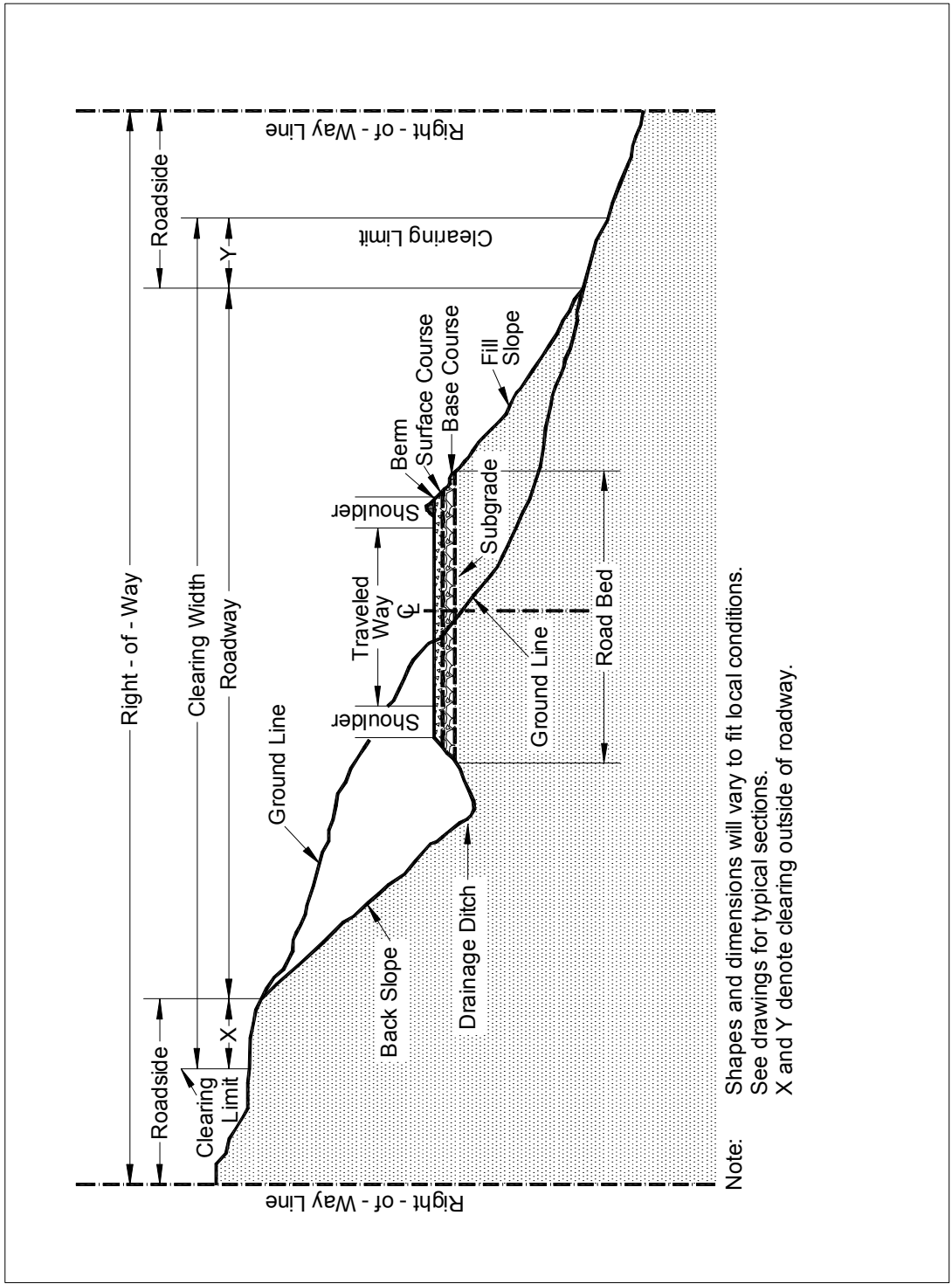
Day

Notice to Proceed

Solicitation

Add Figure 101-1—Illustration of road structure terms:

Figure 101-1—Illustration of road structure terms.



102 - Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract

102.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

102 Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract

Delete Section 102 in its entirety.

103 - Scope of Work

103.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

Deletions

Delete all but subsection 103.01 Intent of Contract.

104 - Control of Work

104.00_nat_us_02_17_2005

Deletions

Delete sections 104.01, 104.02, 104.03 and 104.04.

104.06_nat_us_02_17_2005

Add the following subsection:

104.06 Use of Roads by Contractor

The Contractor is authorized to use roads under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service for all activities necessary to complete this contract, subject to the limitations and authorizations designated in the Road Order(s) or described in the contract, when such use will not damage the roads or National Forest resources, and when traffic can be accommodated safely.

105 - Control of Material

105.02_nat_us_05_11_2004

105.02 Material Sources.

105.02(a) Government Provided Sources.

Add the following:

Tragedy Springs is an optional rock source on Public Lands. Access to site is through private property which will require a Temporary Use Permit from the land owner. The Forest Service can help with process but at least two week notice will be required to process.

Comply with the requirements of 30 CFR 56, subparts B and H. Use all suitable material for aggregate regardless of size unless otherwise designated. When required, re-establish vegetation in disturbed areas according to section 625.

105.05_nat_us_05_12_2004

105.02(b) Contractor-located sources.

Add the following:

All material (e.g., soil, gravel, sand, borrow, aggregate, etc.) transported onto National Forest System land or incorporated into the work will be weed-free. The Contracting Officer may request written documentation of methods used to determine the weed-free status of any and all materials furnished by the contractor. Contractor-provided expertise and methods to establish weed-free status must be appropriate for the weeds of concern in the local area.

When proposed source is one other than previously approved by the Forest Service, a Forest Service weed specialist may inspect proposed sources to determine weed-free status. Provide the Contracting Officer written notification of proposed material sources ___14___ days prior to use. Written approval of the specific source will be provided to the contractor. If weed species are present in the proposed source, appropriate mitigation measures may allow conditional use of the source as required by the Contracting Officer.

The following applies to this contract:

Invasive Plant List for the Eldorado National Forest, Gravel Specs 1/18/2017:

All Contracts

Acroptilon repens Russian knapweed
Aegilops cylindrica Jointed goatgrass
Aegilops triuncialis barbed goatgrass
Ailanthus altissima Chinese tree of heaven

Arundo donax Arundo
Cardaria chalepensis small whitetop
Cardaria draba hoary cress
Cardaria pubescens whitetop
Carduus nutans musk thistle
Carduus pycnocephalus Italian thistle
Carthamus lanatus Woolly distaff thistle
Centaurea calcitrapa purple starthistle
Centaurea diffusa diffuse (white) knapweed
Centaurea melitensis tocalote
Centaurea pratensis meadow knapweed
Centaurea solstitialis yellow starthistle
Centaurea stoebe spotted knapweed
Centaurea sulphurea Sicilian starthistle
Chondrilla juncea rush skeleton weed
Cirsium arvense Canada thistle
Cortaderia selloana pampas grass
Cytisus scoparius Scotch broom
Dittrichia graveolens stinkwort
Elymus caput-medusae medusahead
Euphorbia esula leafy spurge
Euphorbia oblongata oblong spurge
Foeniculum vulgare Fennel
Genista monspessulana French broom
Isatis tinctoria dyer's woad
Lepidium latifolium tall whitetop
Leucanthemum vulgare Oxeye daisy
Linaria genistifolia ssp. *dalmatica* dalmatian toadflax
Linaria vulgaris yellow toadflax
Lythrum salicaria purple loosestrife
Nicotiana glauca Tree tobacco
Onopordum acanthium Scotch thistle
Phragmites australis common reed
Phytolacca americana Pokeweed
Polygonum cuspidatum Japanese knotweed
Polygonum sachalinense Sakhalin knotweed
Potentilla recta Sulfur cinquefoil
Sesbania punicea Scarlet wisteria
Sorghum halepense Johnson grass
Spartium junceum Spanish broom
Tamarix chinensis Salt Cedar
Tanacetum vulgare tansy
Tribulus terrestris puncture vine
Ulex europaeus Gorse

As Needed (high-elevation, pristine, etc; consult botanist)

Bromus tectorum cheat grass
Hypericum perforatum Klamath weed
Lathyrus latifolius perennial sweet pea
Melilotus alba white sweet clover

Melilotus officinalis yellow sweet clover
Rubus armeniacus Himalayan blackberry
Rubus lacineatus cut leaf blackberry
Salsola tragus Russian thistle/tumbleweed
Silybum marianum milk thistle
Verbascum thapsus mullein

105.05 Use of Material Found in the Work.

Delete 105.05 (a) and (b) and the last sentence of the second paragraph and substitute the following:

Materials produced or processed from Government lands in excess of the quantities required for performance of this contract are the property of the Government. The Government is not obligated to make reimbursement for the cost of producing these materials.

106 - Acceptance of Work

Delete Section 106 in its entirety.

107 - Legal Relations and Responsibility to the Public

107.05_nat_us_05_11_2004

107.05 Responsibility for Damage Claims.

Delete the entire subsection.

107.06_nat_us_04_27_2005

107.06 Contractor's Responsibility for Work.

Delete the following:

“except as provided in Subsection 106.07”.

107.09_nat_us_05_11_2004

107.09 Legal Relationship of the Parties.

Delete the entire subsection:

107.10_nat_us_02_23_2005

107.10 Environmental Protection.

Add the following:

Design and locate equipment repair shops, stationary refueling sites, or other facilities to minimize the potential and impacts of hazardous material spills on Government land.

Before beginning any work, submit a **Hazardous Spill Plan**. List actions to be taken in the event of a spill. Incorporate preventive measures to be taken, such as the location of mobile refueling facilities, storage and handling of hazardous materials, and similar information. Immediately notify the CO of all hazardous material spills. Provide a written narrative report form no later than 24 hours after the initial report and include the following:

- Description of the item spilled (including identity, quantity, manifest number, and other identifying information).
- Whether amount spilled is EPA or state reportable, and if so whether it was reported, and to whom.
- Exact time and location of spill including a description of the area involved.
- Containment procedures.
- Summary of any communications contractor had with news media, Federal, state and local regulatory agencies and officials, or Forest Service officials.
- Description of clean-up procedures employed or to be employed at the site including final disposition and disposal location of spill residue.

When available provide copies of all spill related clean up and closure documentation and correspondence from regulatory agencies.

The Contractor is solely responsible for all spills or leaks that occur during the performance of this contract. Clean up spills or leaks to the satisfaction of the CO and in a manner that complies with Federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

107.10_05_us_07_27_2005

108 - Prosecution and Progress

108.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

108 Delete.

Delete Section 108 in its entirety.

109 - Measurement and Payment

109.00_nat_us_02_17_2005

109 Deletions

Delete the following entire subsections:

- 109.06 Pricing of Adjustments.
- 109.07 Eliminated Work.
- 109.08 Progress Payments.
- 109.09 Final Payment.

109.02_nat_us_02_23_2005

109.02 Measurement Terms and Definitions.

(b) Contract quantity.

Add the following:

Contract quantities will be adjusted only when there are errors in the original design of 15% or more.

Change the following:

“(b) Cubic yard” to “(c) Cubic yard”.

109.02 Measurement Terms and Definitions.

Add the following definition:

(p) Thousand Board Feet (Mbf). 1,000 board feet based on nominal widths, thickness, and extreme usable length of each piece of lumber or timber actually incorporated in the job. For glued laminated timber, 1,000 board feet based on actual width, thickness, and length of each piece actually incorporated in the job.

109.03 Weighing Procedures and Devices.

(c) Project weighing system.

Add the following:

For aggregates weighed for payment, adjust scale weights of material to deduct the daily average moisture content in excess of 2 percentage points over optimum moisture as determined by AASHTO T 99 or the designated compaction method. If moisture determination is necessary, determine the daily average moisture content in accordance with AASHTO T 255, from not less than three representative samples of aggregate taken at random intervals each day that aggregate is being weighed.

151 - Mobilization

151.01_0105_us_02_23_2005

151.01 Description

Add the following at the end of the last sentence:

“Work also includes cleaning of all equipment used at the project site. Clean all construction equipment prior to entry on the project site. Remove all dirt, plant parts and material that may carry noxious weed seeds into the area. Only construction equipment inspected by the Forest Service will be allowed to operate within the project area. If equipment last operated a noxious weed infestation it will be cleaned before moving to another project site. Treat subsequent move-ins of equipment the same as the initial move-in. Clean truck beds and dump boxes hauling to the project site prior to entering the work area.”

151.03_0116_us_03_30_2005

155 - Schedules for Construction Contracts

155.00_nat_us_05_11_2004

155 Delete.

Delete Section 155 in its entirety.

156 - Public Traffic

Add the following:

156.03(a) Temporary Closures.

Road segments may be closed as shown in Table 156-1. The maximum consecutive days of closure shall be followed by a minimum number of consecutive days open to traffic as shown. Maintain traffic control devices during closure period(s). Appropriate barricades and signs will be erected and maintained as shown in the traffic control plan or as otherwise designated.

Prior to closing roads during construction, give written notice to the Contracting Officer at least 10 days in advance.

Table 156-1
Temporary Road Closures

ROAD NUMBER	FROM TERMINUS	TO TERMINUS	MAX. CONSECUTIVE DAYS CLOSED
08N03	08N03D	END	1
08N03D	BEG	END	7
08N08	BEG	END	1
08N10	BEG	END	4 HRS
08N11	BEG	END	7
08N14	08N16	08N03	4 HRS
08N14	08N24	END	7
08N15	BEG	END	7
08N16	08N14	08N16A	1 HRS
08N18B	BEG	END	7
08N19	BEG	END	7
08N20C	BEG	END	7
08N20J	BEG	END	7
08N21	BEG	END	1 HRS
08N30	BEG	END	4 HRS
NSR0814	BEG	END	7

156.04 Maintaining Roadways During Work.

Add the following:

- (g) Do not construct detours outside of the clearing limits or use alternate route detours without the approval of the CO.

156.08 Traffic and Safety Supervisor.

Delete this subsection in its entirety.

Measurement and Payment

156.10 . Delete this section and substitute the following:

Payment incidental to other work.

157 - Soil Erosion Control

157.01 Description.

Delete and substitute the following:

This work consists of furnishing, constructing, and maintaining temporary erosion and sediment control features at culvert replacements, stock piles of loose material and staging areas.

171 - Weed and Disease Prevention

171.00_nat_us_03_30_2005

Description

171.01 This work consists of washing and treating construction equipment to remove seeds, plants, and plant fragments from the equipment before the equipment is used on National Forest System lands.

Material

171.02 Conform to the following Subsection:

Water	725.01
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Construction Requirements

171.03 General . Notify the CO in writing at least 15 days before moving any construction equipment onto National Forest System lands. Construction equipment does not include cars, pickup trucks, and other vehicles that regularly travel between the construction site and areas outside of National Forest System lands.

Perform all washing and cleaning of equipment off Public Lands prior to arriving on site. Provide the CO with an opportunity to monitor the washing and inspection.

171.04 Equipment. Use a high pressure washing system.

For work on National Forest System lands, use a washing system that traps all wash water and either stores it for removal from National Forest System lands or recycles the water for continued use. If the equipment recycles the water, provide adequate filters for seed removal. Dispose of the filter material and removed seeds in an approved manner. Do not mix soaps, detergents, or other chemicals with the wash water.

For work at a commercial washing facility, use an approved facility.

171.05 Washing.

Wash the sides, tops, and undercarriages of all construction equipment. Remove all seeds, plants, plant fragments, dirt, and debris from the construction equipment.

171.06 Inspection. Inspect the washed construction equipment, including the undercarriage, to ensure that the washing removed the dirt, debris, and seeds from the construction equipment. Rewash the construction equipment as necessary or as directed.

171.07 Acceptance. Weed prevention will be evaluated under Subsection 106.02.

Measurement

171.08 Do not measure weed prevention for payment.

Payment

171.09 Include all costs associated with the Section 171-Weed Prevention in the unit price for Section 151-Mobilization.

201 - Clearing and Grubbing

201.01_nat_us_02_18_2005

201.01 Description

Replace with the following

This work consists of clearing and grubbing required to complete site work. Work also includes slash disposal as specified in the Drawings.

See Drawings for additional information.

201.06_Eldorado 07_2011

201.06 Disposal.

Delete and substitute the following:

Add the following disposal methods:

(a) Chip, Grind or Masticate. Use an approved chipping machine to grind slash and stumps greater than 1 inches in diameter and longer than 2 feet. Deposit chips or ground woody material on embankment slopes or outside the roadway to a loose depth less than 6 inches. Minor amounts of chips or ground woody material may be permitted within the roadway if they are thoroughly mixed with soil and do not form a layer. Remove and dispose of all stobs, greater than 1/2-inch, from roadway.

Equipment used to masticate roadway prism shall be rubber tired or street pads.

(b) Decking. Limb and deck logs. Cut logs to lengths less than 30 feet. Ensure that logs stacks are stable and free of brush and soil. Remove brush from decks.

(c) Scatter. Scatter construction slash, such as stumps, limbs and tops within project on fill slopes and cut slopes. Remove all slash from ditch lines culvert inlets and outlets. All slash, stumps and chips shall be placed in a stable position on the slopes.

All disposal sites containing loose dirt shall have temporary erosion control measures in place which completely contains loose dirt. Temporary erosion control shall be considered incidental to other work.

202 - Additional Clearing and Grubbing

202.04_1005_us_05_16_2005

202.01 Description

Delete this section and substitute the following:

This work consists of the removal of individual trees and stumps where designated in the Drawings.

202.03 General

Delete last sentence and substitute the following:

Dispose of clearing and grubbing debris according to Subsection 201.06 - Disposal.

202.09 Measurement

Second paragraph substitute '8 inches' for '6 inches'..

203 - Removal of Structures and Obstructions

203.05_nat_us_02_18_2005

203.05 Disposing of Material.

Delete disposal options and substitute the following:

- (a) Remove from project. Haul cut asphalt, metal pipes and other construction trash, to public landfills, recycler, or other state approved disposal sites.
- (b) Haul to designated disposal site. Haul woody debris, excess loose dirt and rock, to designated disposal site Shown in the Drawings.

204 - Excavation and Embankment

204.00_nat_us_02_26_2007

Replace Section 204 in its entirety with the following:

Description

204.01 This work consists of excavating material and constructing embankments. This includes furnishing, hauling, stockpiling, placing, disposing, sloping, shaping, compacting, and finishing earthen and rocky material.

Work also includes the construction of ditches, catch basins, inlet basins, waterbars, graded dips and swales.

204.02 Definitions.

(a) Excavation. Excavation consists of the following:

(1) Roadway excavation. All material excavated from within the right-of-way or easement areas, except sub excavation covered in (2) below and structure excavation covered in Sections 208 and 209. Roadway excavation includes all material encountered regardless of its nature or characteristics.

(2) Sub excavation. Material excavated from below sub grade elevation in cut sections or from below the original ground line in embankment sections. Sub excavation does not include the work required by Subsections 204.05, 204.06(b), and 204.06(c).

(3) Borrow excavation. Material used for embankment construction that is obtained from outside the roadway prism. Borrow excavation includes unclassified borrow, select borrow, and select topping.

(4) Road surface enhancements. Work includes excavation necessary to complete drainage features used to control surface water on and adjacent to roadways.

(b) Embankment construction. Embankment construction consists of placing and compacting roadway or borrow excavation. This work includes:

- (1)** Preparing foundation for embankment;
- (2)** Constructing roadway embankments;
- (3)** Benching for side-hill embankments;
- (4)** Constructing dikes, ramps, mounds, and berms; and
- (5)** Backfilling sub excavated areas, holes, pits, and other depressions.

(c) Conserved topsoil. Excavated material conserved from the roadway excavation and embankment foundation areas that is suitable for growth of grass, cover crops, or native vegetation.

(d) Waste. Excess and unsuitable roadway excavation and sub excavation that cannot be used.

Material

204.03 Conform to the following Subsections:

Backfill material	704.03
Select borrow	704.07
Select topping	704.08
Topping	704.05
Unclassified borrow	704.06
Water	725.01

Construction Requirements

204.04 Preparation for Roadway Excavation and Embankment Construction. Clear the area of vegetation and obstructions according to Sections 201 and 203.

204.05 Reserved.

204.06 Roadway Excavation. Excavate as follows:

(a) General. Do not disturb material and vegetation outside the construction limits. Disturbed areas outside limits may require seeding and mulching at no cost to Government.

Incorporate only suitable material into embankments. Replace any shortage of suitable material caused by premature disposal of roadway excavation. Dispose of unsuitable or excess excavation material according to Subsection 204.14.

At the end of each day's operations, shape to drain and compact the work area to a uniform cross-section. Eliminate all ruts and low spots that could hold water.

Retrieve material deposited outside of the clearing limits as directed by the CO. Place unsuitable material in designated areas.

(b) Rock cuts. Blast rock according to Section 205. Excavate rock cuts to 6 inches below sub grade within the roadbed limits. Backfill to sub grade with topping or with other suitable material. Compact the material according to Subsection 204.11. When blasting rock, use blasting methods according to Subsection 205.08.

(c) Earth cuts. Scarify earth cuts to 6 inches below sub grade within the roadbed limits. Compact the scarified material according to Subsection 204.11.

(d) Pioneer Roads. Road pioneering, slash disposal, and grubbing of stumps may proceed concurrently with excavation. Conduct excavation and placement operations so material to be treated under Section 201 will not be incorporated into the roadway unless specified in the slash treatment method. Maintain drainage during pioneering operations.

Remove snow and ice in advance of the work and deposit beyond the roadway limits in a manner that will not waste material or generate sediment. Do not incorporate snow and ice into embankments. Place snow or ice in a manner to prevent resource damage.

204.07 Sub excavation. Excavate material to the limits designated by the CO. Take cross-sections according to Section 152. Prevent unsuitable material from becoming mixed with the backfill. Dispose of unsuitable material according to Subsection 204.14. Backfill the sub excavation with topping, or other suitable material. Compact the material according to Subsection 204.11.

204.08 Borrow Excavation. Use all suitable roadway excavation in embankment construction. Do not use borrow excavation when it results in excess roadway excavation. Deduct excess borrow excavation from the appropriate borrow excavation quantity.

Obtain borrow source acceptance according to Subsection 105.02. Develop and restore borrow sources according to Subsection 105.03. Do not excavate beyond the established limits. When applicable, shape the borrow source to permit accurate measurements when excavation is complete.

204.09 Preparing Foundation for Embankment Construction. Prepare foundation for embankment construction as follows:

(a) Embankment less than 4 feet high over natural ground. When designated, remove topsoil and break up the ground surface to a minimum depth of 6 inches by plowing or scarifying. Compact the ground surface according to Subsection 204.11.

(b) Embankments over an existing asphalt, concrete, or gravel road surface. Scarify gravel roads to a minimum depth of 6 inches. Scarify or pulverize asphalt and concrete roads to 6 inches below the pavement. Reduce all particles to a maximum size of 6 inches and produce a uniform material. Compact the surface according to Subsection 204.11.

(c) Embankment across ground not capable of supporting equipment. Dump successive loads of embankment material in a uniformly distributed layer to construct the lower portion of the embankment. Limit the layer thickness to the minimum depth necessary to support the equipment.

(d) Embankment on an existing slope steeper than 1V:3H. Cut horizontal benches in the existing slope to a sufficient width to accommodate placement and compaction operations and equipment. Bench the slope as the embankment is placed and compacted in layers. Begin each bench at the intersection of the original ground and the vertical cut of the previous bench.

204.10 Embankment Construction. Incorporate only suitable roadway excavation material into the embankment. When the supply of suitable roadway excavation is exhausted, furnish unclassified borrow to complete the embankment. Obtain written approval before beginning construction of embankments over 6 feet high at sub grade centerline. Construct embankments as follows:

(a) General. At the end of each day's operations, shape to drain and compact the embankment surface to a uniform cross-section. Eliminate all ruts and low spots that could hold water.

During all stages of construction, route and distribute hauling and leveling equipment over the width and length of each layer of material.

Compact embankment side slopes flatter than 1V:1.75H with a tamping type roller or by walking with a dozer. For slopes 1V:1.75H or steeper, compact the slopes as construction of the embankment progresses.

Where placing embankment on one side of abutments, wing walls, piers, or culvert headwalls, compact the material using methods that prevent excessive pressure against the structure.

Where placing embankment material on both sides of a concrete wall or box structure, conduct operations so compacted embankment material is at the same elevation on both sides of the structure.

Where structural pilings are placed in embankment locations, limit the maximum particle size to 4 inches.

(b) Embankment within the roadway prism. Place embankment material in horizontal layers not exceeding 12 inches in compacted thickness. Incorporate oversize boulders or rock fragments into the 12-inch layers by reducing them in size or placing them individually as required by (c) below. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

Material composed predominately of boulders or rock fragments too large for 12-inch layers may be placed in layers up to 24 inches thick. Incorporate oversize boulders or rock fragments into the 24-inch layer by reducing them in size or placing them individually according to (c) below. Place sufficient earth and smaller rocks to fill the voids. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

(c) Individual rock fragments and boulders. Place individual rock fragments and boulders greater than 24 inches in diameter as follows:

- (1) Reduce rock to less than 48 inches in the largest dimension.
- (2) Distribute rock within the embankment to prevent nesting.
- (3) Place layers of embankment material around each rock to a depth not greater than that permitted by (b) above. Fill all the voids between rocks.
- (4) Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

(d) Embankment outside of roadway prism. Where placing embankment outside the staked roadway prism, place material in horizontal layers not exceeding 24 inches in compacted thickness. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11.

204.11 Compaction.

Place material by end dumping to the minimum depth needed for operation of spreading equipment. Adjust the moisture content of the material to obtain a mass that will not visibly deflect under the load of the hauling and spreading equipment. Operate compaction equipment over the full width of each layer until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation.

When wheeled equipment cannot access area, use vibraplate or other compacting devices to achieve compaction. Compact until soil ceases to deform under the effort.

Top 6 inches, use a vibratory roller or approved equal with a minimum weight of 10 tons. Roll at least 5 full-width passes or until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation. Finish according to Subsection 204.13.

204.12 Ditches. Slope, grade, and shape ditches. Remove all projecting roots, stumps, rock, or similar matter. Maintain all ditches in an open condition and free from leaves, sticks, and other debris.

Form furrow ditches by plowing or using other acceptable methods to produce a continuous furrow. Place all excavated material on the downhill side so the bottom of the ditch is approximately 18 inches below the crest of the loose material. Clean the ditch using a hand shovel, ditcher, or other suitable method. Shape to provide drainage without overflow.

204.13 Sloping, Shaping, and Finishing. Complete slopes, ditches, culverts, riprap, and other underground minor structures before placing aggregate courses. Slope, shape, and finish as follows:

(a) Sloping. Leave all earth slopes with uniform roughened surfaces, except as described in (b) below, with no noticeable break as viewed from the road. Except in solid rock, round tops and bottoms of all slopes including the slopes of drainage ditches. Round material overlaying solid rock to the extent practical. Scale all rock slopes. Slope rounding is not required on tolerance class D through M roads.

If a slide or slipout occurs on a cut or embankment slope, remove or replace the material, and repair or restore all damage to the work. Bench or key the slope to stabilize the slide. Reshape the cut or embankment slope to an acceptable condition.

(b) Stepped slopes. Where required by the contract, construct steps on slopes of $1\frac{1}{3}V:1H$ to $1V:2H$. Construct the steps approximately 18 inches high. Blend the steps into natural ground at the end of the cut. If the slope contains nonrippable rock outcrops, blend steps into the rock. Remove loose material found in transitional area. Except for removing large rocks that may fall, scaling stepped slopes is not required.

(c) Shaping. Shape the sub grade to a smooth surface and to the cross-section required. Shape slopes to gradually transition into slope adjustments without noticeable breaks. At the ends of cuts and at intersections of cuts and embankments, adjust slopes in the horizontal and vertical planes to blend into each other or into the natural ground.

(d) Finishing. Finish the roadbed to be smooth and uniform, and shaped to conform to the typical sections. Remove unsuitable material from the roadbed and replace it with suitable material. Finish roadbeds to the tolerance class shown in table 204-2. Ensure that the subgrade is visibly moist during shaping and dressing. Scarify to 6 inches below the bottom of low sections, holes, cracks, or depressions and bring back to grade with suitable material. Maintain proper ditch drainage.

For surfaced roads, remove all material larger than 6 inches from the top 6 inches of the roadbed.

204.14 Disposal of Unsuitable or Excess Material. Dispose of unsuitable or excess material at designated sites or legally off of the project.

When there is a pay item for waste, shape and compact the waste material in its final location. Do not mix clearing or other material not subject to payment with the waste material.

204.15 Acceptance.

Material for embankment and conserved topsoil will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Excavation and embankment construction will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Clearing and removal of obstructions will be evaluated under Sections 201 and 203.

Measurement

204.16 Measure the Section 204 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02 and the following as applicable.

(a) Roadway excavation. Measure roadway excavation in its original position as follows:

(1) Include the following volumes in roadway excavation:

- (a) Roadway prism excavation;
- (b) Rock material excavated and removed from below subgrade in cut sections;
- (c) Unsuitable material below sub grade and unsuitable material beneath embankment areas when a pay item for sub excavation is not shown in the bid schedule;
- (d) Ditches, except furrow ditches measured under a separate bid item;
- (e) Topsoil;
- (f) Borrow material used in the work when a pay item for borrow is not shown in the bid schedule;
- (g) Loose scattered rocks removed and placed as required within the roadway;
- (h) Conserved material taken from stockpiles and used in Section 204 work; and
- (i) Slide and slip out material not attributable to the Contractor's method of operation.

(2) Do not include the following in roadway excavation:

- (a) Overburden and other spoil material from borrow sources;
- (b) Over breakage from the back slope in rock excavation;
- (c) Water or other liquid material;
- (d) Material used for purposes other than required;
- (e) Roadbed material scarified in place and not removed;
- (f) Material excavated when stepping cut slopes;
- (g) Material excavated when rounding cut slopes;
- (h) Preparing foundations for embankment construction;
- (i) Material excavated when benching for embankments;
- (j) Slide or slip out material attributable to the Contractor's method of operation;
- (k) Conserved material taken from stockpiles constructed at the option of the Contractor; and
- (l) Material excavated outside the established slope limits.

(3) When both roadway excavation and embankment construction pay items are shown in the bid schedule, measure the following as roadway excavation only:

- (a) Unsuitable material below sub grade in cuts and unsuitable material beneath embankment areas when a pay item for sub excavation is not shown in the bid schedule;
- (b) Slide and slip out material not attributable to the Contractor's method of operations; and
- (c) Drainage ditches, channel changes, and diversion ditches, catch basin, inlet basins, waterbars and graded dips. Lead off ditches are considered incidental to other work.

(b) Unclassified borrow, select borrow, and select topping. When measuring by the cubic yard measure in its original position. If borrow excavation is measured by the cubic yard in place, take initial cross-sections of the ground surface after stripping overburden. Upon completion of excavation and after the borrow source waste material is returned to the source, retake cross-sections before replacing the overburden.

Do not measure borrow excavation used in place of excess roadway excavation.

(c) Embankment construction. Measure embankment construction in its final position. Do not make deductions from the embankment construction quantity for the volume of minor structures.

(1) Include the following volumes in embankment construction:

- (a) Roadway embankments;
- (b) Material used to backfill sub excavated areas, holes, pits, and other depressions;
- (c) Material used to restore obliterated roadbeds to original contours; and
- (d) Material used for dikes, ramps, mounds, and berms.

(2) Do not include the following in embankment construction:

- (a) Preparing foundations for embankment construction;
- (b) Adjustments for subsidence or settlement of the embankment or of the foundation on which the embankment is placed; and
- (c) Material used to round fill slopes.

(d) Rounding cut slopes. Measure rounding cut slopes horizontally along the centerline of the roadway if a pay item for slope rounding is included in the bid schedule. If a pay item for slope rounding is not included in the bid schedule slope rounding will be considered subsidiary to excavation.

(e) Waste. Measure waste by the cubic yard in its final position. Take initial cross-sections of the ground surface after stripping over burden. Upon completion of the waste placement, retake cross-sections before replacing overburden.

(f) Slope scaling. Measure slope scaling by the cubic yard in the hauling vehicle.

Payment

204.17 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 204 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

**Table 204-2
Construction Tolerances**

	Tolerance Class ^(a)												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Roadbed width (ft)	+0.5	+0.5	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.5	+1.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0
Subgrade elevation (ft)	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.5	±1.0	±1.0	±1.5	±2.0	±3.0	±2.0	±3.0	(c)
Centerline alignment (ft)	±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.5	±1.0	±1.0	±1.5	±1.5	±2.0	±3.0	±3.0	±5.0	(c)
Slopes, excavation, and embankment (% slope ^(b))	±3	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±10	±10	±10	±10	±20	±20	±20

(a) Maximum allowable deviation from construction stakes and drawings.

(b) Maximum allowable deviation from staked slope measured from slope stakes or hinge points.

(c) Unless otherwise shown the centerline alignment and subgrade elevation, as built, have no horizontal curves with a radius of less than 80 feet, and no vertical curves with a curve length of less than 80 feet when the algebraic difference in the grade change is less than 10 percent, or a curve length of less than 100 feet when the algebraic difference of

209 - Structure Excavation and Backfill

209.10_nat_us_03_30_2005

209.10 Backfill.

(a) General.

Add the following:

Replace any pipe that is distorted by more than 5 percent of nominal dimensions, or that is ruptured or broken.

Do not place or backfill pipe that meets any of the following conditions until the excavation and foundation have been approved in writing by the CO:

- Embankment height greater than 6 feet at sub grade centerline.
- Installation in a protected stream course.
- Round pipe with a diameter of 48 inches or greater.
- Pipe arches with a span of 50 inches or greater.
- Any box culvert of structure other than pipe culverts.

(b) Pipe culverts.

(1) Pipe culverts with compacted backfill. Add the following:

On each side of the pipe, excavate an area at least as wide as the diameter of the pipe. Backfill without damaging or displacing the pipe. Complete backfilling of the trench with suitable material. See Drawings.

209.11_nat_us_02_24_2005

209.11 Compacting.

Delete the subsection and add the following:

Compact backfill using designated compaction method A, B, or C:

Method A. Ensure that backfill density exceeds the density of the surrounding embankment.

Method B. Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact each layer using appropriate compaction equipment until visual displacement ceases.

For compaction under sections 252, 254, 255, 257, 258, compact with a vibratory steel wheeled roller with a mass of at least 8 tons.

Method C. Determine optimum moisture content and maximum density according to AASHTO T 99 method C. Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact material placed in all layers to at least 95 percent of the maximum density. Determine the in place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures.

301 - Untreated Aggregate Courses

301 Title Change.

Change the title to: Section 301 Aggregate Courses

Delete this Section in its entirety and substitute the following:

Description

301.01 This work consists of constructing one or more courses of aggregate on a prepared surface. Work includes producing aggregate by grid rolling, pit-run, screening, or crushing methods, or placing commercially produced aggregate meeting Caltrans specification.

Surface aggregate grading is designated as shown in Table 703-3.

Sub base and base aggregate grading is designated as shown in Table 703-2.

Screened aggregate grading is designated as shown in Table 703-16.

Material

301.02 Conform to the following Subsections:

Aggregate	703.05
Water	725.01

Construction Requirements

301.03 General. Prepare the surface on which the aggregate course is placed according to Section 204 or 303 as applicable.

Request approval of the roadbed in writing before placing aggregate.

Submit target values within the gradation ranges shown in Table 703-2 or 703-3 for the required grading. After reviewing the Contractor's proposed target values the CO will determine the final values for the gradation and notify the Contractor in writing.

For screened, pit run, or grid-rolled material, furnish material smaller than the maximum size. No gradation other than maximum size will be required for pit run and grid-rolled material. For grid rolling, use all suitable material that can be reduced to maximum size.

After processing on the road, remove all oversize material from the road and dispose of it as directed by the CO.

If the aggregate is produced and stockpiled before placement, handle and stockpiled according to Section 320. Establish stockpile sites at approved locations. Temporary erosion control measures shall be in place if stock pile to remain in place longer than 14 days or when wet weather is predicted.

301.04 Mixing and Spreading. Mix the aggregate and adjust the moisture content to obtain a uniform mixture with a moisture content suitable for the specified compaction method. Spread and shape the mixture on the prepared surface in a uniform layer with no segregation of size, and to a loose depth that will provide the required compacted thickness.

Do not place the mixture in a layer exceeding 6 inches in compacted thickness or twice the maximum particle size, whichever is less. When more than one layer is necessary, compact each layer according to Subsection 301.05 before placing the next layer. Route hauling and leveling equipment uniformly over the full width.

When placing aggregate over geotextile, place aggregate in a single lift to the full depth specified.

301.05 Compacting. Compact each layer full width. Roll from the sides to the center, parallel to the centerline of the road. Along curbs, headers, walls, and all places not accessible to the roller, compact the material with approved tampers or compactors.

Compact the aggregate using one of the following methods as specified:

Compaction D. Moisten or dry the aggregate to a uniform moisture content between 5 and 7 percent based on total dry weight of the mixture. Operate rollers and compact as specified in Subsection 305.05.

For all compaction methods, blade the surface of each layer during the compaction operations to remove irregularities and produce a smooth, even surface.

301.06 Construction Tolerance. If grade finishing stakes are required, finish the surface to within ± 0.05 feet from staked line and grade elevation.

If grade finishing stakes are not required, shape the surface to the required template and check the surface with a 10-foot straightedge. Defective areas are surface deviations in excess of 1/2 inch in 10 feet between any two contacts of the straightedge with the surface.

Correct all defective areas by loosening the material, adding or removing material, reshaping, and compacting.

Ensure that the compacted thickness is not consistently above or below the specified thickness. The maximum variation from the compacted specified thickness is 1/2 inch.

Ensure that the compacted width is not consistently above the specified width. The maximum variation from the specified width will not exceed +12 inches at any point.

301.07 Maintenance. Maintain the aggregate course to the correct line, grade, and cross-section by blading, watering, rolling, or any combination thereof until placement of the next course. Correct all defects according to Subsection 302.06.

301.08 Acceptance.

Aggregate gradation and surface course plasticity index will be evaluated under Subsection 106.04. If the aggregate is obtained from a Government stockpile then the above characteristics will be evaluated under Subsection 106.02. Other aggregate quality properties will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04. Construction of aggregate courses will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

The allowable upper and lower aggregate gradation limits are equal to the Target Value plus or minus the allowable deviations shown in Tables 703-2 and 703-3.

The allowable upper and lower Plasticity index limits for surface courses are stated in 703.05(b).

Preparation of the surface on which the aggregate course is placed will be evaluated under Section 204 or 303 as applicable.

Measurement

301.09 Measure the Section 301 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02 and the following as applicable.

Measurement shall be by the ton. Contractor shall provide Engineer proof of quantity delivered and placed by supplying weight tickets. Weight tickets are required for payment.

Payment

302.10 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 301 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

303 - Road Reconditioning

Delete Section 303 in its entirety and replace with the following.

303.01_0503_eldo_01_10_2007

Description

303.01 Work.

This work consists of reconditioning ditches, shoulders, roadbeds, cattle guards, culvert inlets/outlets, asphalt surfaces, approach road intersections, aggregate surfaces and surface enhancements such as dips, catch basins, inlet basins and swales. Construct out-slopes, clean and maintain all roadbed drainage structures when Shown on the Drawings. Work also includes the repair of minor slumps and slides, berm removal and curve widening when it only involves using the existing travel way and shoulders. See Drawings for additional information.

Construction Requirements

303.02 Culvert Maintenance. Clean inlets and outlets of existing cross drains and culverts according to Subsection 607.

303.03 Ditch Reconditioning. Remove all slide material, sediment, vegetation, and other debris from the existing ditches and culvert inlets and outlets. Reshape ditches and culvert inlets and outlets to achieve positive drainage and a uniform ditch width, depth, and grade. Dispose of waste as shown on the plans or in landings.

303.04 Shoulder Reconditioning. Repair soft and unstable areas according to Subsection 204.13. Remove all slide material, vegetation, and other debris from existing shoulders including shoulders of parking areas, turnouts, berms and other widened areas. Dispose of waste as shown on the plans.

303.05 Native Surface Roadbed Reconditioning Repair soft and unstable areas according to Subsection 204.13. Remove all organic, deleterious material larger than 6 inches from the top 6 inches of subgrade. Dispose of waste as shown on the plans. When Shown in the Drawings, scarify, rip and shape the traveled way and shoulders at locations and to the depth and width designated on the plans. Remove surface irregularities and shape to provide a uniform surface.

Restore existing road enhancements, such as dips, swales, catch basins, inlet basins to meet design requirements according to the Typical. See Drawings.

Dispose of rock larger than 4 inches brought to the surface during scarification in areas designated on the plans.

Establish a blading pattern that will retain the surfacing on the roadbed and provide a through mixing of the materials within the completed surface width.

For portions of roads not requiring scarification, the roadbed may contain rocks larger than 4 inches provided they do not extend above the finished roadbed surface more than 2". Reduce in place or remove rock extending above the finished roadbed surface. Dispose of removed rock in areas designated on the plans.

Compact using the following method as specified:

- (a) Compaction A. Operate equipment over the full width.
- (b) Compaction B. Operate rollers over the full width of each layer until visual displacement ceases, but not fewer than five complete passes. Use rollers that meet the following requirements:
 - (1) Steel wheeled rollers, other than vibratory, capable of exerting a force of not less than 250 pounds per inch of width of the compression roll or rolls.
 - (2) Vibratory steel wheeled rollers equipped with amplitude and frequency controls with a minimum weight of 10 tons, specifically designed to compact the material on which it is used.
 - (3) Pneumatic-tired rollers with smooth tread tires of equal size that will provide a uniform compacting pressure for the full width of the roller and capable of exerting a ground pressure of at least 80 psi.

303.06 Aggregate Surface Reconditioning. Repair soft and unstable areas to the full depth of the aggregate surface and according to Subsection 204.07. When specified, scarify to the depth of the aggregate surface or to a depth of 6 inches, whichever is less, and remove surface irregularities. Reshape, finish, and compact the entire aggregate surface according to Subsection 301.05.

Maintain the existing cross slope or crown unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Restore existing road enhancements, such as dips, swales, catch basins, inlet basins to meet design requirements according to the Typical. See Drawings

303.07 Surfaced Roadway Reconditioning. Perform all the applicable work described in Subsections 303.02 through 303.04.

Sweep surface of dust, leaves and other woody material. Wash surface if additional bituminous applications are required.

Maintain the existing cross slope or crown unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Restore existing road enhancements, such as catch basins and inlet basins to meet design requirements according to the Typical. See Drawings

303.08 Pulverizing. When specified, scarify the surface to the designated depth and width. Pulverize all material to a size one and one half times the maximum sized aggregate or to 1½ inches, whichever is greater. Mix, spread, compact, and finish the material according to Section 301.

303.09 Cattle guards. When specified, remove cattle guard decks. Clean the deck and the area beneath the cattle guard of soil and other material to the bottom of the original foundation over the entire width of the installation. Reinstall the cattle guard deck.

303.10 Acceptance. See Table 303-1 for sampling and testing requirements. Road reconditioning work will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

303.11 Measurement. Measurement will be Lump Sum and includes all equipment and labor to prepare site and finish site work according to the plans. See Drawings for specific site work requirements.

There shall be no separate measurement for ditch reconditioning, lead off ditches, culvert cleaning, inlet/outlet cleaning, minor slump or slide repair, and shoulder reconditioning. This work shall be considered incidental to Road Reconditioning unless specified otherwise in the Schedule of Items.

Delete Table 303-1 and replace with the following:

303.07_nat_us_03_02_2005

303.10_10_us_05_23_2005

**Table 303-1
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time	
Existing Roadway	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Moisture-density Method D	—	AASHTO T 99 ⁽¹⁾	1 per each mixture or change in material	Processed material before incorporating in work	Yes, when requested	Before using in work	
		Moisture-density Method E	—	R-1 Marshall	“	“	“	“	
		Moisture-density Method F	—	AASHTO T 180 ⁽¹⁾	“	“	“	“	“
		Moisture-density Method G	—	R-1 Marshall	“	“	“	“	“
		In-place density & moisture content	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 3000 yd ²	In-place	—	Before placing next layer	

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor.

602 - Culverts and Drains

602.03_nat_us_04_14_2005

602.01 Description

Add the following:

Work also includes all the labor, equipment, and materials to complete culvert installation.

602.03 General.

Delete this section and substitute the following:

Excavate and backfill according to Section 209. Payment for all excavation and backfill associated with pipe installation shall be included in the price of the culvert.

Ensure that the final installed alignment of all pipe allows no reverse grades, and does not permit horizontal and vertical alignments to vary from a straight line drawn from center of inlet to center of outlet by more than 2 percent of pipe center length or 1.0 feet, whichever is less.

602.05_1005_us_01_18_2005

Delete the second paragraph and replace with the following.

Join pipe sections together with coupling bands according to AASHTO M 36 or M 196. Limit the use of bell and spigot joints to slopes of 10% or less. Limit the use of bands with projections (dimpled) to slopes of 10% or less and when agreed to in writing by the Contracting Officer.

607 - Cleaning, Reconditioning, and Repairing Existing Drainage

607.04_nat_us_03_02_2005

607.04 Cleaning Culverts in Place.

Add the following:

If approved by the CO, all or part of the pipe designated to be cleaned in-place may be removed, cleaned, and re-laid in accordance with Section 602. In these cases, furnish all material required to replace damaged pipe and joints and relay the pipe at no cost to the Government.

607.08 Measurement

Delete and substitute the following:

There will be no separate measurement for this work.

607.09 Payment

Delete and substitute the following:

.

619 - Fences, Gates, and Cattle Guards

617.02_nat_us_07_03_2007

619.01 Description

Add the following:

Work also includes the haul and placement of barrier rocks, installation of log and earthen barricades.

619.09 Acceptance

Delete this subsection and substitute the following:

619.09 Barrier rocks, log and earthen barricades

Boulders may be obtained within project area when approved by the Contracting Officer or purchased commercially. Section 105 applies to both locally acquired or commercially purchased rock.

Logs for barricades are available on site. Logs should be long enough to span the full width of the road and installed according to the Drawings. See typical.

Locations of barrier rocks shall be staked on the ground and installed according to the Drawings. See typical.

635 - Temporary Traffic Control

635.03_nat_us_05_13_2004

635.03 General.

Add the following:

Install temporary traffic control signs to temporary posts or approved temporary sign mounts.

703 - Aggregate

703.05_nat_us_05_17_2005

Delete 703.05 and replace with the following:

703.05 Sub base, Base, Surface Course, and Screened Aggregate.

(a) **Sub base or base aggregate.** Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel conforming the following:

(1) Gradation	Table 703-2
(2) Liquid limit, AASHTO T 89	25 max.
(3) Plastic limit, AASHTO T 90	No plastic
(4) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96	40% max.
(5) Sodium sulfate soundness loss (5 cycles), AASHTO T 104	12% max.
(6) Durability index (coarse), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(7) Durability index (fine), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(8) Fractured faces, ASTM D 5821	50% min.
(9) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay	

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary. Fine aggregate, material passing the No. 4 sieve, shall consist of natural or crushed sand and fine mineral particles.

(b) **Surface course aggregate.** Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel conforming the following:

(1) Gradation	Table 703-3
(2) Liquid limit, AASHTO T 89	35 max.
(3) Plastic Index, AASHTO T 90	
a) If the percent passing the No. 200 sieve is less than 12%	2 to 9
b) If the percent passing the No. 200 sieve is greater than 12%	Less than 2
(4) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96	40% max.
(5) Sodium sulfate soundness loss (5 cycles), AASHTO T 104	12% max.
(6) Durability index (coarse), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(7) Durability index (fine), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(8) Fractured faces, ASTM D 5821	75% min.
(9) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay	

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Do not furnish material that contains asbestos fibers.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary. Fine aggregate, material passing the No. 4 sieve, shall consist of natural or crushed sand and fine mineral particles.

(c) Screened aggregate – Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of stone, slag, or gravel conforming the following:

- | | |
|---|--------------|
| (1) Gradation | Table 703-16 |
| (2) Plastic Index, AASHTO T 90 | Less than 9 |
| (3) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96 | 55% max. |
| (4) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay. | |

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary.

Delete Table 703-2 and replace with the following:

**Table 703-2
Target Value Ranges for Subbase and Base Gradation
Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)**

Sieve Size	Grading Designation				
	A (Subbase)	B (Subbase)	C (Base)	D (Base)	E (Base)
2½ inch	100				
2 inch	97 – 100	100	100		
1½ inch		97 – 100			
1 inch	65 – 79 (6)		80 – 100 (6)	100	
¾ inch			64 – 94 (6)	86 – 100 (6)	100
½ inch	45 – 59 (7)				
⅜ inch			40 – 69 (6)	51 – 82 (6)	62 – 90 (6)
No. 4	28 – 42 (6)	40 – 60 (8)	31 – 54 (6)	36 – 64 (6)	36 – 74 (6)
No. 40	9 – 17 (4)			12 – 26 (4)	12 – 26 (4)
No. 200	4.0 – 8.0 (3)	4.0 – 12.0 (4)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)

() The value in the parentheses is the allowable deviation (±) from the target values..

Delete Table 703-3 and replace with the following:

**Table 703-3
Target Value Ranges for Surface Gradation
Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)**

Sieve Size	Grading Designation								
	F	G	H	S	T	U			
1 1/2 inch	100 ⁽			100					
1 inch	97-100	100		72 - 92 (6)	100				
3/4 inch	76-89 (6)	97 - 100	97 - 100			100			
1/2 inch					71 - 91 (6)				
3/8 inch	56-68 (6)	70 - 80 (6)	80 - 92 (6)	51 - 71 (6)		71 - 90 (6)			
No. 4	43-53 (7)	51 - 63 (7)	58 - 70 (7)	36 - 53 (7)	43 - 60 (7)	50 - 68 (7)			
No. 8				26 - 40 (6)	30 - 46 (6)	34 - 51 (6)			
No. 16	23-32 (6)	28 - 39 (6)	28 - 40 (6)						
No. 30	15-23 (5)	19 - 27 (5)	16 - 26 (5)						
No. 40				14 - 25 (5)	16 - 28 (5)	19 - 30 (5)			
No. 200	10.0-16.0 (4)	10.0 - 16.0 (4)	9.0 - 14.0 (4)	8.0 - 15.0 (4)	8.0 - 15.0 (4)	8.0 - 15.0 (4)			

() The value in the parentheses is the allowable deviation (±) from the target values.
If the plasticity index (PI) is greater than 0, the TV range for the No. 200 sieve size is 8-12 (4).

Add Table 703-16:

Table 703-16

Gradation Requirements for Screened Aggregate

Sieve Size	Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)						
	Grading Designation						
	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
6 inch	100	100					
4 inch			100	100			
3 inch					100	100	
2 inch							100
No. 4		15-45		15-45		15-45	

703.06_nat_us_03_02_2005

703.10(e) Flakiness Index.

Delete and replace with the following:

Flakiness Index, FLH T 508 30% max.

703.10(i) Adherent Coating.

Add the following:

Adherent coating on the aggregate, FLH T 512 0.5% max.

703.07_nat_us_03_02_2005

Table 703-2 Correction

Include the following substitution

In Table 703-2, delete the “436 – 74 (6)” percent by mass passing for grading E (base) No. 4 sieve size and substitute “36 – 74 (6).”

Table 703-2 Correction

Include the following substitution

In Table 703-2, delete the “436 – 74 (6)” percent by mass passing for grading E (base) No. 4 sieve size and substitute “36 – 74 (6).”

703.10_nat_us_03_02_2005

Delete Table 703-7 and substitute the following:

Table 703-7 Target Value Ranges

**Table 703-7
Target Value Ranges for
Single and Multiple Course Surface Treatment Aggregate Gradation**

Sieve Size	Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 & T 11)					
	Grading Designation					
	A	B	C	D	E	F
1½ inch	100 ⁽¹⁾					
1 inch	90-100(3)	100 ⁽¹⁾				
¾ inch	0-35(5)	90-100(3)	100 ⁽¹⁾			
½ inch	0-8(3)	0-35(5)	90-100(3)	100 ⁽¹⁾		
⅜ inch	—	0-12(3)	0-35(5)	85-100(3)	100 ⁽¹⁾	100 ⁽¹⁾
No. 4	—	—	0-12(3)	0-35(5)	85-100(3)	85-100 ⁽¹⁾
No. 8	—	—	—	0-8(3)	0-23(4)	—
No. 200	0-1(1)	0-1(1)	0-1(1)	0-1(1)	0-1(1)	0-10 ⁽¹⁾

(1) Statistical procedures do not apply.

() The value in the parentheses is the allowable deviation (±) from the target values.

705 - Rock

705.02_us_03_18_2008

705.02 Riprap Rock.

Delete Table 705-1 and replace it with the following:

Gradation Requirements for Riprap

Class	Percent of Rock by Mass	Mass (pounds)	Approximate Min. Dimension ^{b,c} (inches)
1	20	22 to 33	6 to 8
	30	11 to 22	5 to 6
	40	1.1 to 11	2 to 5
	10 ^a	0 to 1.1	0 to 2
2	20	55 to 110	8 to 10
	30	22 to 55	6 to 8
	40	2.2 to 22	3 to 6
	10 ^a	0 to 2.2	0 to 3
3	20	220 to 330	14 to 16
	30	110 to 220	10 to 14
	40	11 to 110	5 to 10
	10 ^a	0 to 11	0 to 5
4	20	550 to 770	18 to 20
	30	220 to 570	14 to 18
	40	22 to 220	6 to 14
	10 ^a	0 to 22	0 to 6
4a	20	770 to 1353	20 to 24
	30	330 to 770	16 to 20
	40	33 to 330	7 to 16
	10 ^a	0 to 33	0 to 7
5	20	1540 to 2200	26 to 28
	30	770 to 1540	20 to 26
	40	55 to 1100	8 to 20
	10 ^a	0 to 55	0 to 8
6	20	1870 to 3520	28 to 34
	30	1100 to 1870	22 to 28
	40	110 to 1100	10 to 22
	10 ^a	0 to 110	0 to 10
7	20	4400 to 5940	35 to 39
	30	2200 to 4400	28 to 35
	40	220 to 2200	14 to 28
	10 ^a	0 to 220	0 to 14
8	20	7000 to 10000	42 to 47
	30	4000 to 7000	35 to 42
	40	400 to 4000	16 to 35
	10 ^a	0 to 400	0 to 16

- a) Furnish spall and rock fragments graded to provide a stable dense mass.
- b) The volume of a rock with these cubic dimensions has a mass approximately equal to the specified rock mass.
- c) Furnish rock with breadth and thickness at least one-third its length.

713 - Roadside Improvement Material

713.05_nat_us_03_02_2005

713.05 Mulch.

Add the following:

Assure that mulch used on the project is certified noxious weed free by the appropriate authority in the jurisdiction of use.